In this lesson we learn the following:

اً أَنْتُ "you" (feminine singular) is أَنْتِ 1. The plural of

Who are you, sisters?

مَنْ أَنْتُنَّ يَا أَحَوَاتِي ؟

We are the imam's daughters.

نَحْنُ بَنَاتُ الإِمَامِ .

2. The plural of $\stackrel{\checkmark}{\smile}$ "your" (feminine singular) is $\stackrel{\checkmark}{\smile}$, e.g.

Where is your house, ladies?

أَيْنَ بَيْتُكُنَّ يَا سَيّدَاتُ ؟

Our house is near the mosque.

بَيْتُنَا قَرِيْبٌ مِنَ المَسْجِدِ .

3. We have learnt ذَهَبُّتُ "you went" (feminine singular). Its plural is ذَهَبُتُنَّ, e.g.

Where did you go, sisters?

أَيْنَ ذَهَبْتُنَّ يَا أَخُواتُ ؟

Where did you go, brothers?

أَيْنَ ذَهَبْتُمْ يَا إِخُوانُ؟

4. عَنْ means "before", أَعْدُ means "after". They are always mudâf, and the noun following them is in the genitive case. e.g.

After the lesson

بَعْدَ الدَّرْس

Before the prayer

قَبْلَ الصَّلاَةِ

5. رُجَعُ "he returned".

Has the imâm returned from the mosque?

أَرَجَعَ الإِمَامُ مِنَ المسجدِ؟

ذَهَبْتُ إِلَى المَسْجِدِ قَبْلَ الأَذَانِ وَرَجَعْتُ بَعْدَ الصَّلاَةِ.

I went to the mosque before the adhân and returned after the salât.

Ex.1: Answer the following questions.

Ex.2: Change the subject of the following sentences to feminine.

Ex.3: Change the possessive pronoun in the following sentences into feminine.

Ex.4: Fill in the blanks with the suitable personal pronouns (اَنْتُمْ ، أَنْتُمْ ، أَنْتُمْ أَنْتُ

Ex.5: Fill in the blanks with the suitable possessive pronoun (كُ ، كُمْ ، كِ كُنَّ)

Ex.6: Fill in the blanks with أَنَا or أَنَا .

Ex.7: Read and write.

■ Vocabulary

now الآن now الآن week الأُسْبُوعُ examination الأُسْبُوعُ lesson